(c) and (d) The Government of NCT of Delhi has informed that there is only one case FIR No. 39 dated 26.2.2008 u/s 295-A296/427/34 IPC registered at PS Dilshad Garden, North East District. In this case, complainant Father Antony William, Parish Priest, St. Sebastian Church, Village Tahirpur reported that on 24.2.2008 about 40 workers of a religious organization disrupted the worship service, pelted stones on the cars parked near the Church and damaged glass panes of two cars. The Government of NCT of Delhi has reported that the case has been sent as untraced on 22.7.2008.

Magnitude of Bangladeshi infiltration in India

337. DR. GYAN PRAKASH PILANIA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the magnitude of Bangladeshi infiltration in India as a whole and Statewise;

(b) the social, religious, demographic, criminal, economic, political, law and order fallout of said infiltration;

(c) how many of such Bangladeshis have been deported during the last three years;

(d) whether Bangladeshis have been found involved in anti-national, criminal, smuggling, terrorist activities;

(e) if so, the total persons arrested during last three years, total crimes registered and their disposal;

(f) whether such illegal infiltration is potent threat to security and integrity of India;

(g) whether Bangladesh's HUJI is involved in any terrorist incidents in India; and

(h) if so, their details and action taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) and (b) India's long and porous border with Bangladesh, geographical proximity, family ties and ethnic similarity, coupled with better economic opportunities in India have resulted in illegal migration from Bangladesh. In addition, some Bangladeshi nationals, who enter India with valid travel documents, also tend to overstay for similar reasons. While it is not possible to indicate the exact number of illegal Bangladeshi immigrants who may have crossed over surreptitiously, the number of Bangladeshi nationals who came on valid travel documents and overstayed during the last three years is indicated below:-

Year	No. of Bangladeshi Nationals who came to India on valid travel documents	No. of Bangladeshi nationals who overstayed
2005	4,85,640	12,338
2006	4,84,401	24,497
2007	5,00,234	25,712

(The data is year specific.)

Given the clandestine nature of the activity, the possibility of demographic changes in some of the border districts cannot be ruled out.

(c) Details of Bangladeshi nationals who came on valid travel documents, overstayed and thereafter deported during the last three years are indicated below:-

2005	—	14,916
2006	—	13,692
2007	—	12,135

(The data is year specific Deportation in a continuous process.)

(d) to (h) Violation of the law and involvement in illegal activities by illegal immigrants from Bangladesh cannot be ruled out. In some cases, involvement of HUJAI of Bangladesh has been reported. Registration of cases and action thereon comes within the purview of police stations and State Governments concerned. Statistical data of this nature are not centrally maintained.

In order to check illegal immigration and infiltration from Bangladesh, the Government has adopted a multi-pronged approach which *inter-alia*, includes the following measures:-

(i) Construction of border fencing, roads, and floodlighting.

(ii) Round the clock surveillance of the borders by Border Security Force.

(iii) Setting up of 1185 Border Out Posts (BOPs) along Indo-Bangladesh Border to reduce the inter BOP distance for effective border domination, of which 802 BOPs have already been established. Setting up of remaining 383 BOPs has been sanctioned.

(iv) Induction of hi-tech surveillance equipment including night vision devices.

In addition, this issue of illegal migrants from Bangladesh is regularly taken up at various bilateral fora, and steps have been taken for coordinated patrolling, particularly in the unfenced, vulnerable and riverine areas. Bangladesh has also been urged to take effective steps to check the illegal movement of their nationals into India.

Prior information about terrorist attack in Mumbai

†338. SHRI PYARELAL KHANDELWAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that inspite of prior information of terrorists arrival through sea, they not only landed on Mumbai coast but also successfully carried out their terrorist acts in the month of November;

(b) if so, the action taken against the culprits by Government;

(c) whether it is fact that due to prolonged delay in action against the terrorist, loss of lives had increased;

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.